Electronic Appendix 1. - Explanation of used traits. Source: 1) Kubát et al. (2002), 2) Fitter \& Peat (1994), Royal Botanic Gardens Kew (2008), Moles et al. (2005), Institute of Botany of the ASCR (2010), 3) Klotz et al. (2002), 4) Klimešová \& Klimeš (2006, 2008), Klimešová \& de Bello (2009).

| Plant traits | Source | Explanation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum height | 1 | maximum species height |
| Minimum height | 1 | minimum species height |
| Seed mass | 2 | weight of seeds |
| Flowering phenology | 3 | values 0-10 according to vegetation period |
| Fruit type | 3 | berry <br> lomentum <br> legume <br> capsule <br> nut <br> aggregate follicles <br> aggregate nutlets <br> siliqua <br> schizocarp <br> vegetative |
| Pollen vectors | 3 | pollination by wind selfing by a neighbouring flower pollination by insects pollination by slugs spontaneous pollination within a flower selfing in unopened, rudimentary flower selfing in unopened flower |
| Clonal growth organs | 4 | stem tuber <br> turion <br> plantlet (pseudovivipary) <br> plant fragment of stem origin <br> epigeogenous stem (rhizome) <br> hypogeogenous stem (rhizome) <br> stem tuber <br> bulb <br> root-splitter <br> roots with adventitious buds <br> root tuber <br> offspring tuber at distal end of above-ground stem |
| Branching type | 4 | monopodial sympodial dichotomous |
| Leaf distribution | 4 | no rosette semi-rosette rosette |
| Lateral spread (m/yr) | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & <0.01 \\ & 0.01-0.25 \\ & >0.25 \\ & \text { dispersable } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

Electronic Appendix 2. - A summary of the mean percentage of species in each plot for which data on each trait was missing. For presence-absence data, this was calculated as the number of species missing trait data for a given plot divided by the total number of species in that plot (i.e. plot richness); the mean of this plot-level value across plots is presented below. For abundance data, the same measure was calculated, but weighted by abundance.

|  | Average data missing per plot <br> Presence-absence |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Plot size (cm) | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ |
| Maximum height | $0.9 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |
| Minimum height | $0.9 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |
| Seed mass | $2.9 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| Flowering phenology | $4.5 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| Fruit type | $0.9 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Pollen vectors | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Clonal growth organs | $1.6 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Branching type | $4.1 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| Leaf distribution | $1.0 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Lateral spread | $1.9 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |

Electronic Appendix 3. - Results from a sensitivity analysis investigating the impact of missing trait data on results. This test was conducted using flowering phenology, the trait with the highest proportion of missing trait data. This analysis used only plots that contained species for which flowering phenology is known ( $25 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm}: 68$ plots; $75 \times 75 \mathrm{~cm}: 38$ plots).

|  |  |  | Presence-absence |  | Abundance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Plot size | No. plots | Test statistic | Obs $>$ Exp | Obs $<\operatorname{Exp}$ | Obs $>\operatorname{Exp}$ | Obs $<$ Exp |
| $25 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 68 | Richness | 0.880 | 0.908 |  |  |
|  |  | Evenness | 0.121 | 0.179 |  |  |
| $75 \times 75 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 38 | Richness | 0.512 | 0.517 |  |  |
|  |  | Evenness | 0.774 | 0.632 |  |  |

Electronic Appendix 4. - Results from trait dispersion analysis on three continuous species-level traits: maximum height, minimum height (minimum size at reproduction), and seed mass. These analyses focused only on 51 dry grassland plots; analyses used presenceabsence and abundance data from 126 plots for each of two plot sizes $(25 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm}, 75 \times 75 \mathrm{~cm})$. P-values indicate whether plots are overdispersed ( $\mathrm{Obs}>\mathrm{Exp}$ ), or underdispersed ( $\mathrm{Obs}<\mathrm{Exp}$ ) for the trait of interest. Bold values signify type-1 error rates at $\alpha<0.05$ (i.e. Pvalues).

|  | Test statistic Plot size (cm) | Presence-absence |  |  |  | Abundance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Obs $>$ Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  | Obs>Exp |  | Obs $<$ Exp |  |
|  |  | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ |
| Maximum height | Mean | 0.882 | 0.750 |  |  | 0.736 | 0.569 |  |  |
|  | Range |  |  | 0.657 | 0.840 |  |  | 0.678 | 0.866 |
|  | Mean NTD |  | 0.865 | 0.660 |  | 0.886 |  |  | 0.838 |
|  | Var NTD |  |  | 0.608 | 0.687 |  |  | 0.678 | 0.982 |
| Minimum height | Mean | 0.343 | 0.560 |  |  | 0.154 | 0.179 |  |  |
|  | Range | 0.242 | 0.356 |  |  | 0.225 | 0.352 |  |  |
|  | Mean NTD | 0.201 | 0.342 |  |  | 0.720 | 0.907 |  |  |
|  | Var NTD | 0.834 | 0.980 |  |  | 0.245 | 0.840 |  |  |
| Seed mass | Mean |  |  | $0.606 \psi$ | $0.414 \psi$ |  |  | $0.648 \psi$ | $0.602 \psi$ |
|  | Range | $0.668 \psi$ |  |  | $0.466 \psi$ |  |  | $0.694 \psi$ | $0.493 \psi$ |
|  | Mean NTD | $0.737 \psi$ |  |  | $0.742 \psi$ | 0.278 | 0.660 |  |  |
|  | Var NTD |  |  | $0.279 \psi$ | $0.698 \psi$ | 0.592 | 0.595 |  |  |

$\psi$ change in significance from full analysis

Electronic Appendix 5. - Results from trait dispersion analysis on three continuous species-level traits: maximum height, minimum height (minimum size at reproduction), and seed mass. These analyses focused only on 52 wet grassland plots; analyses used presenceabsence and abundance data from 126 plots for each of two plot sizes $(25 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm}, 75 \times 75 \mathrm{~cm})$. P-values indicate whether plots are overdispersed ( $\mathrm{Obs}>\mathrm{Exp}$ ), or underdispersed ( $\mathrm{Obs}<\mathrm{Exp}$ ) for the trait of interest. Bold values signify type-1 error rates at $\alpha<0.05$ (i.e. Pvalues).

|  | Test statistic Plot size (cm) | Presence-absence |  |  |  | Abundance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Obs>Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  | Obs>Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  |
|  |  | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ |
| Maximum height | Mean |  |  | 0.271 | 0.357 |  |  | 0.276 | 0.368 |
|  | Range |  |  | 0.776 | 0.692 |  |  | 0.794 | 0.668 |
|  | Mean NTD | 0.611 | 0.712 |  |  |  | 0.465 | 0.850 |  |
|  | Var NTD | 0.562 | 0.544 |  |  |  |  | 0.815 | 0.926 |
| Minimum height | Mean |  |  | 0.090 | 0.130 |  |  | 0.154 | 0.189 |
|  | Range | 0.890 |  |  | 0.959 | 0.866 |  |  | 0.942 |
|  | Mean NTD | 0.491 | 0.773 |  |  | 0.910 | 0.714 |  |  |
|  | Var NTD | 0.507 | 0.487 |  |  |  |  | 0.756 | 0.578 |
| Seed mass | Mean |  |  | 0.032 | 0.005 |  |  | $0.084 \psi$ | $0.034 \psi$ |
|  | Range |  |  | 0.023 | 0.002 |  |  | $0.022 \psi$ | $0.007 \psi$ |
|  | Mean NTD |  |  | 0.013 | 0.006 |  | 0.707 | 0.398 |  |
|  | Var NTD |  |  | 0.045 | $0.114 \psi$ |  |  | 0.542 | 0.913 |

Electronic Appendix 6. - Results from trait dispersion analysis on seven nominal traits for only dry grassland plots (51 plots). P-values indicate whether plots are richer (Richness: Obs $>\operatorname{Exp}$ ), or poorer (Richness: Obs $<E x p$ ) in terms of variation in these traits, and whether these traits are more evenly (Evenness: Obs>Exp), or less evenly (Evenness: Obs<Exp) distributed within plots. Studied traits include flowering phenology (month of flowering), fruit type, pollen vector, leaf distribution, clonal growth organ and branching type. The last four of these traits are unique in that a single species can have multiple values; for example, a species may be both insect and wind pollinated. This was incorporated into the analysis. Bold values signify type-1 error rates at $\alpha<0.05$ (i.e. P-values).

|  | Test Statistic Plot size (cm) | Presence-absence |  |  |  | Abundance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Obs $>$ Exp |  | Obs $<$ Exp |  | Obs $>$ Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  |
|  |  | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ |
| Flowering phenology | Richness |  |  | 0.102 | 0.552 |  |  | 0.094 | 0.567 |
|  | Evenness | 0.265 |  |  | 0.836 | 0.114 |  |  | 0.619 |
| Fruit type | Richness |  |  | 0.470 | 0.729 |  |  | 0.480 | 0.714 |
|  | Evenness |  |  | $0.064 \psi$ | 0.507 |  |  | 0.005 | $0.217 \psi$ |
| Pollen vectors | Richness | 0.682 |  |  | 0.753 | 0.742 |  |  | 0.761 |
|  | Evenness | $0.789$ |  |  | 0.770 | $0.642$ |  |  | 0.628 |
| Clonal growth organ | Richness |  |  | 0.627 | 0.728 |  |  | 0.646 | 0.722 |
|  | Evenness |  |  | $0.487 \psi$ | $0.491 \psi$ |  |  | $0.145 \psi$ | $0.206 \psi$ |
| Branching type | Richness | 0.296 |  |  | $0.168 \psi$ |  | 0.260 | 0.257 |  |
|  | Evenness |  | $0.847 \psi$ | $0.112 \psi$ |  | 0.046 $\psi$ |  |  | $0.038 \psi$ |
| Leaf distribution | Richness |  |  | 0.016 | 0.001 |  |  | $0.016 \psi$ | 0.001 |
|  | Evenness | 0.002 | 0.001 |  |  | 0.002 | 0.001 |  |  |
| Lateral spread | Richness |  |  | 0.442 | 0.096 |  |  | 0.437 | 0.101 |
|  | Evenness |  |  | 0.171 | 0.130 |  |  | 0.118 | 0.148 |

$\psi$ change in significance from full analysis

Electronic Appendix 7. - Results from trait dispersion analysis on seven nominal traits for wet grassland plots (52 plots). P-values indicate whether plots are richer (Richness: Obs $>\operatorname{Exp}$ ), or poorer (Richness: Obs $<\operatorname{Exp}$ ) in terms of variation in these traits, and whether these traits are more evenly (Evenness: Obs>Exp), or less evenly (Evenness: Obs<Exp) distributed within plots. Studied traits include flowering phenology (month of flowering), fruit type, pollen vector, leaf distribution, clonal growth organ and branching type. The last four of these traits are unique in that a single species can have multiple values; for example, a species may be both insect and wind pollinated. This was incorporated into the analysis. Bold values signify type-1 error rates at $\alpha<0.05$ (i.e. P-values).

|  | Test Statistic | Presence-absence |  |  |  | Abundance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Obs $>$ Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  | Obs $>$ Exp |  | Obs<Exp |  |
|  | Plot size (cm) | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ | $25 \times 25$ | $75 \times 75$ |
| Flowering phenology | Richness | 0.415 | 0.577 |  |  | 0.410 | 0.581 |  |  |
|  | Evenness | 0.055 | 0.092 |  |  | 0.111 | 0.130 |  |  |
| Fruit type | Richness |  |  | 0.333 | 0.220 |  |  | 0.354 | 0.148 |
|  | Evenness |  |  | 0.060 | 0.197 |  |  | 0.037 | 0.196\% |
| Pollen vectors | Richness |  | 0.940 | 0.436 $\psi$ |  |  | 0.927 | 0.439 |  |
|  | Evenness | 0.990 |  |  | 0.897 |  |  | $0.711 \psi$ | 0.464 |
| Clonal growth organ | Richness |  | 0.735 | 0.624 |  |  | 0.723 | 0.640 |  |
|  | Evenness |  |  | 0.020 | 0.023 |  |  | 0.007 | 0.005 |
| Branching type | Richness | 0.180 | $0.173 \psi$ |  |  | 0.201 | 0.171 |  |  |
|  | Evenness |  |  | $0.256 \psi$ | $0.287 \psi$ |  |  | 0.312 | 0.363 |
| Leaf distribution | Richness |  |  | $0.230 \psi$ | $0.188 \psi$ |  |  | 0.217 | $0.182 \psi$ |
|  | Evenness | 0.025 | 0.045 |  |  | 0.013 | $0.060 \psi$ |  |  |
| Lateral spread | Richness |  |  | 0.933 | IV* |  |  | 0.955 | IV* |
|  | Evenness |  |  | 0.776 | 0.770 |  |  | 0.657 | 0.601 |

*Insufficient variation to test; $\psi$ change in significance from full analysis

